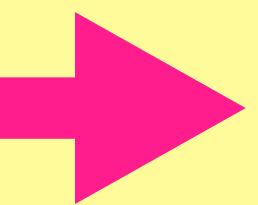


Let's count in multiples!

Today we will be:

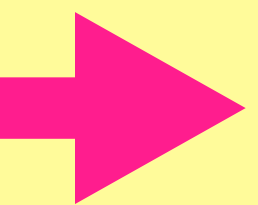
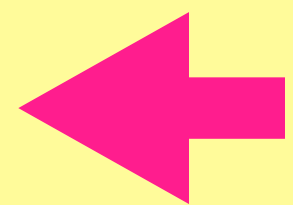
Solving problems by drawing and counting groups of objects.



Say the next three numbers in this sequence...



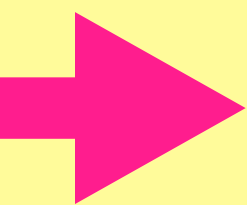
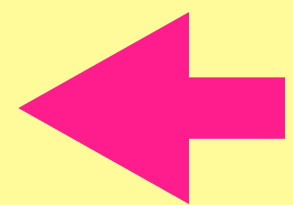
12, 14, 16,



Say the next three numbers in this
sequence...



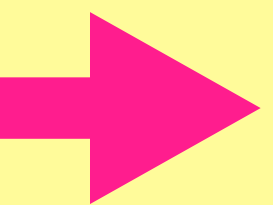
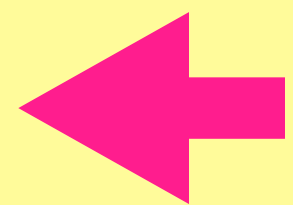
30, 35, 40,



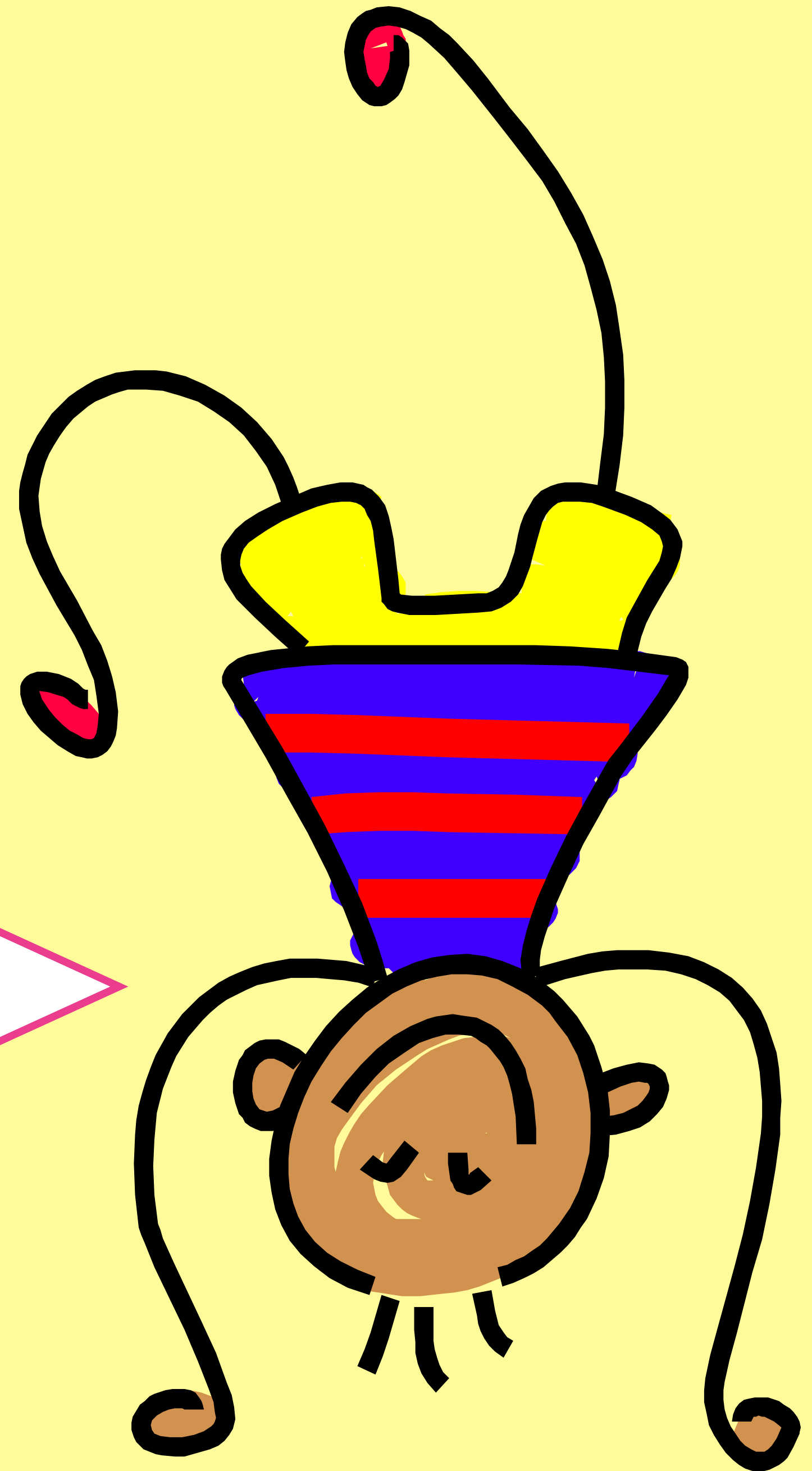
Say the next three numbers in
this sequence...



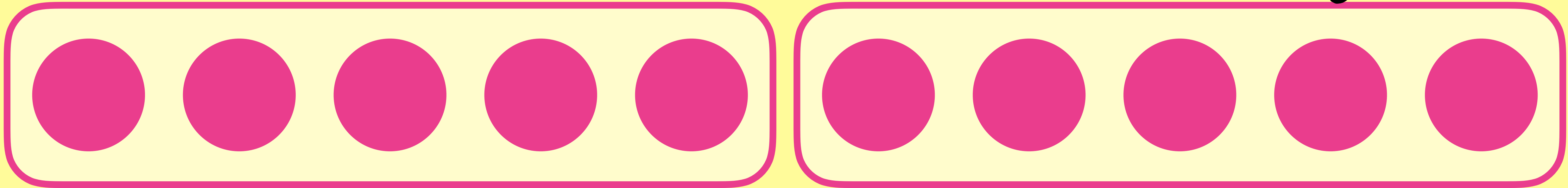
30, 40, 50,



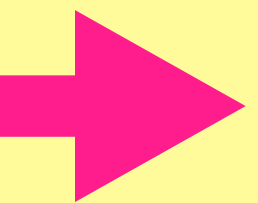
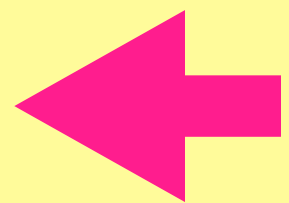
Draw two
groups of
five.



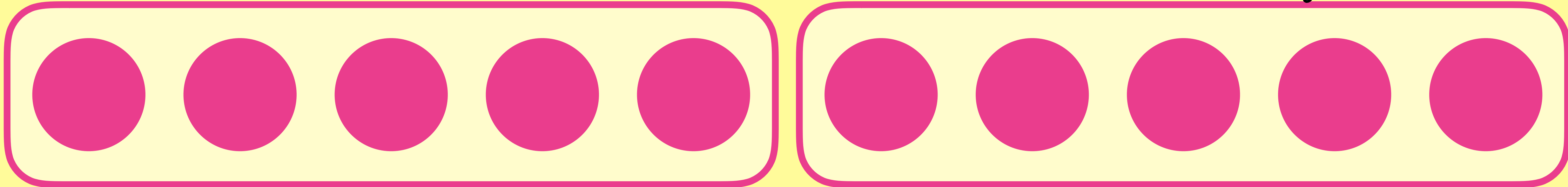
This is two
groups of five.



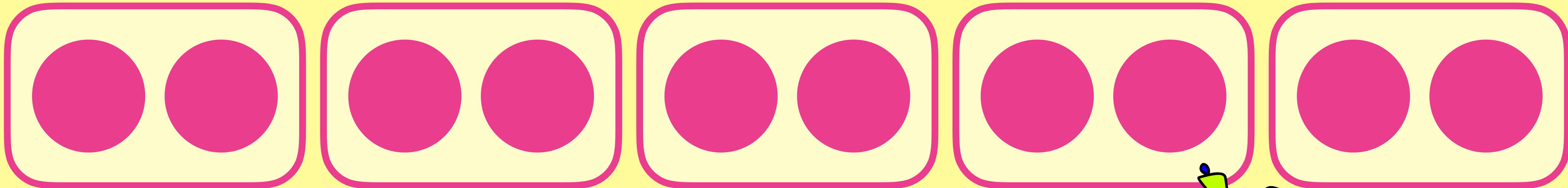
Now draw five groups
of two.



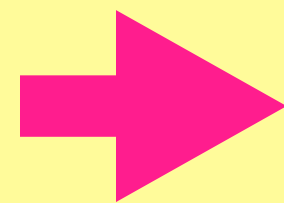
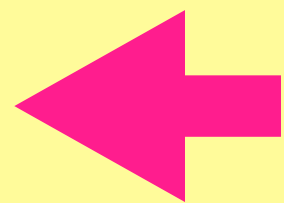
This is two groups of five.



This is five groups of two.

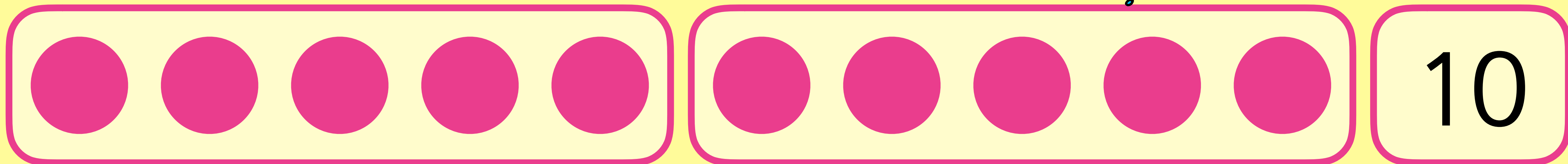


What do you notice?

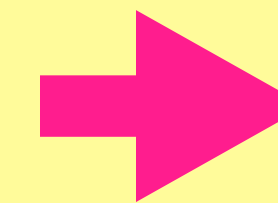
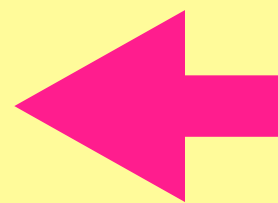
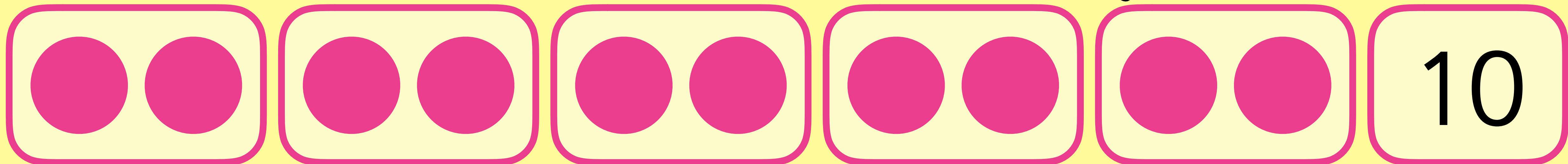


Both sets of groups have the same total.

This is two groups of five.

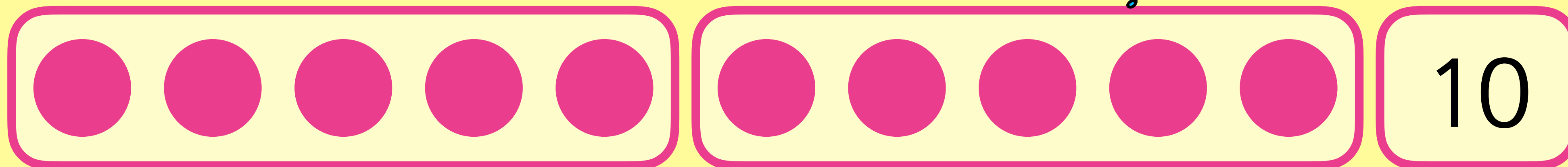
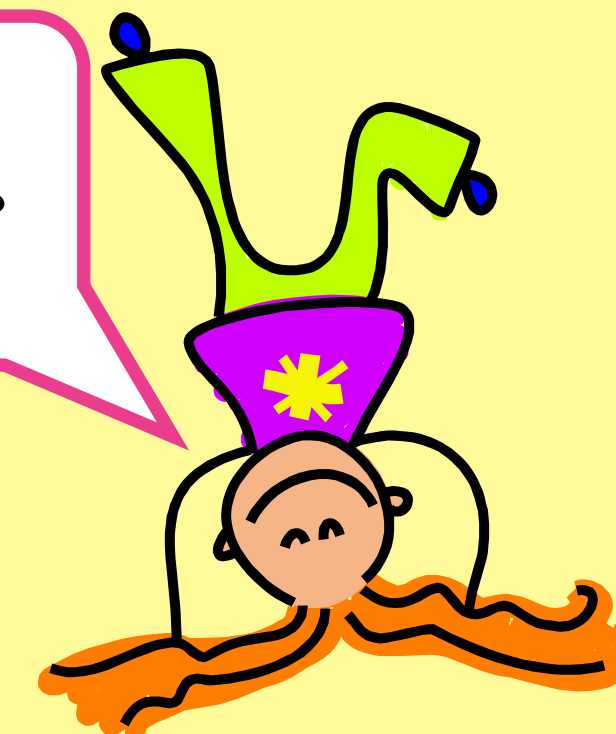


This is five groups of two.



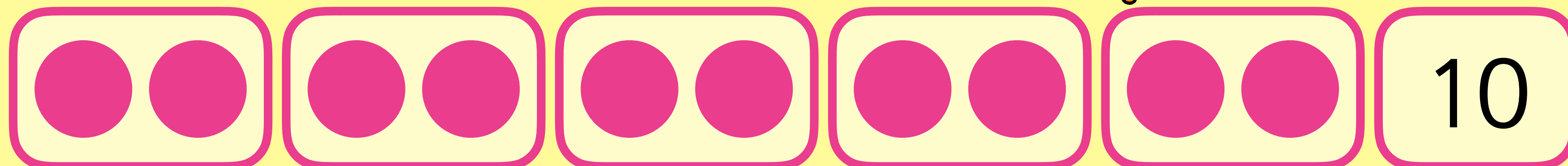
Write these groupings of objects as number sentences.

This is two groups of five.

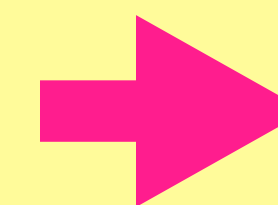
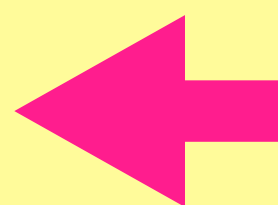


Two empty rounded rectangular boxes for writing a number sentence.

This is five groups of two.

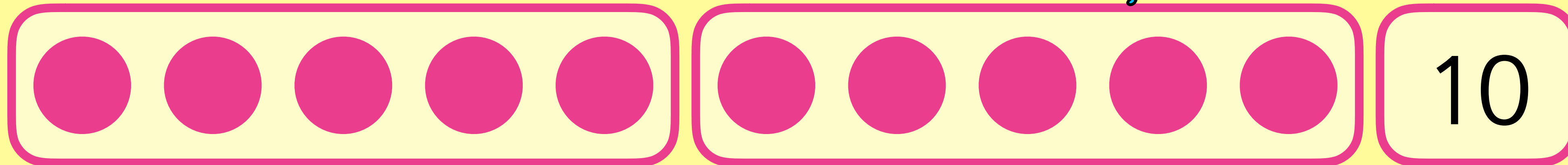


Two empty rounded rectangular boxes for writing a number sentence.



Write these groupings of objects as number sentences.

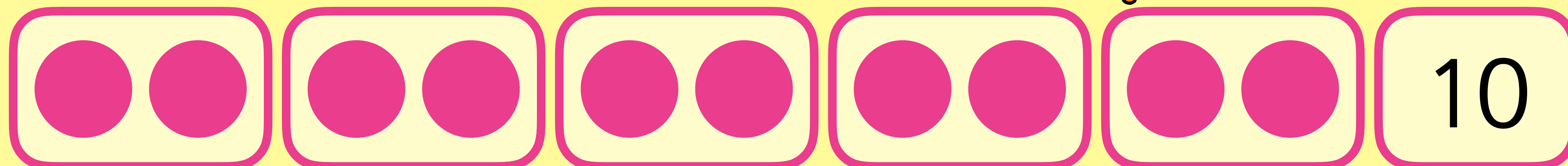
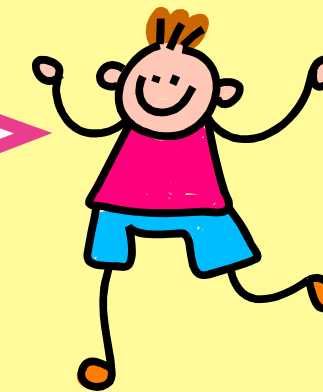
This is two groups of five.



$$5 + 5 = 10$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

This is five groups of two.



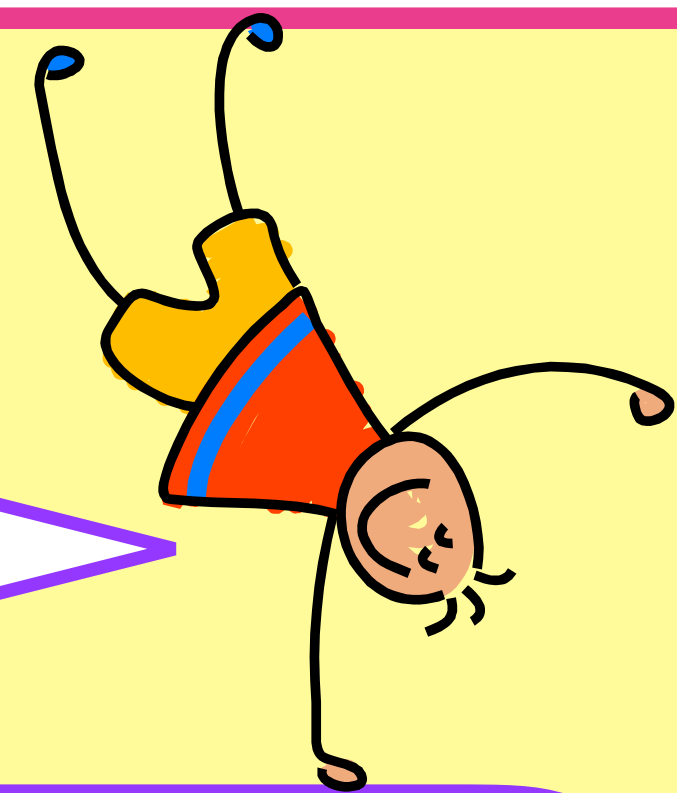
$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

Draw ten groups
of two. Then
write it as a
number sentence.



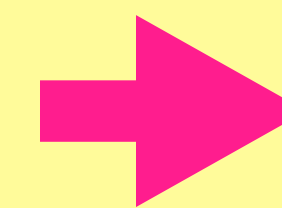
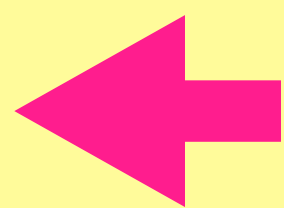
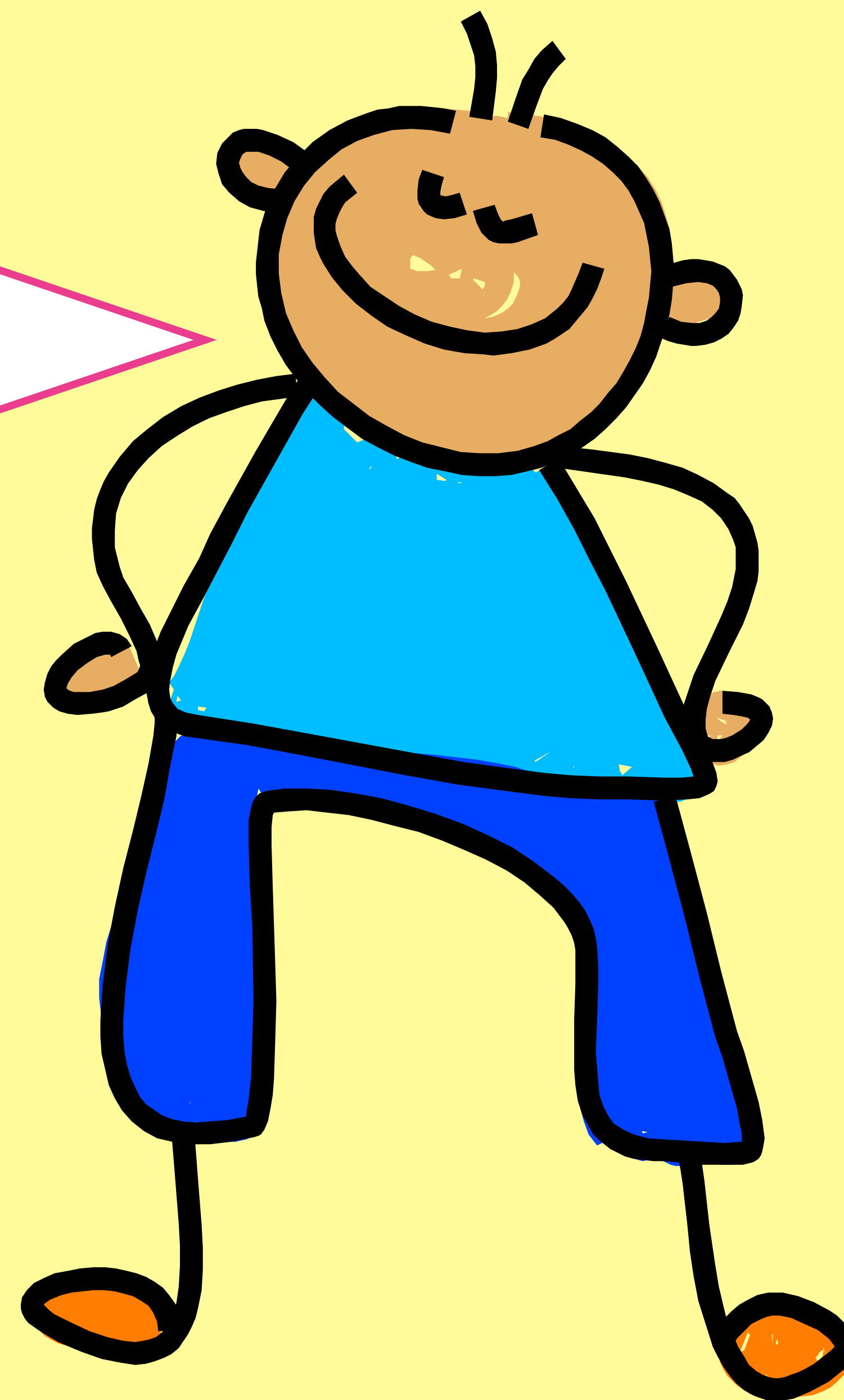
This is ten groups of two.



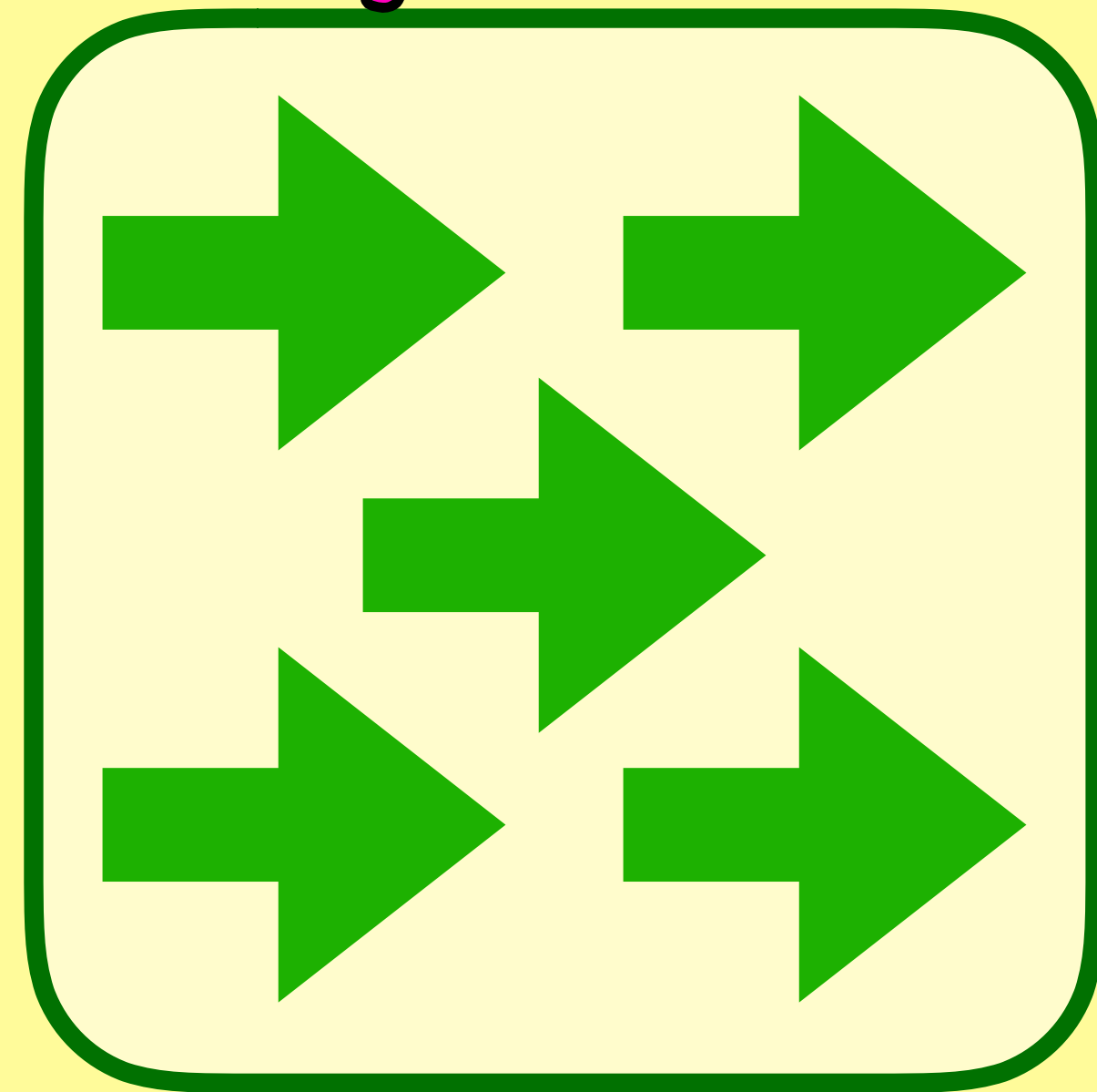
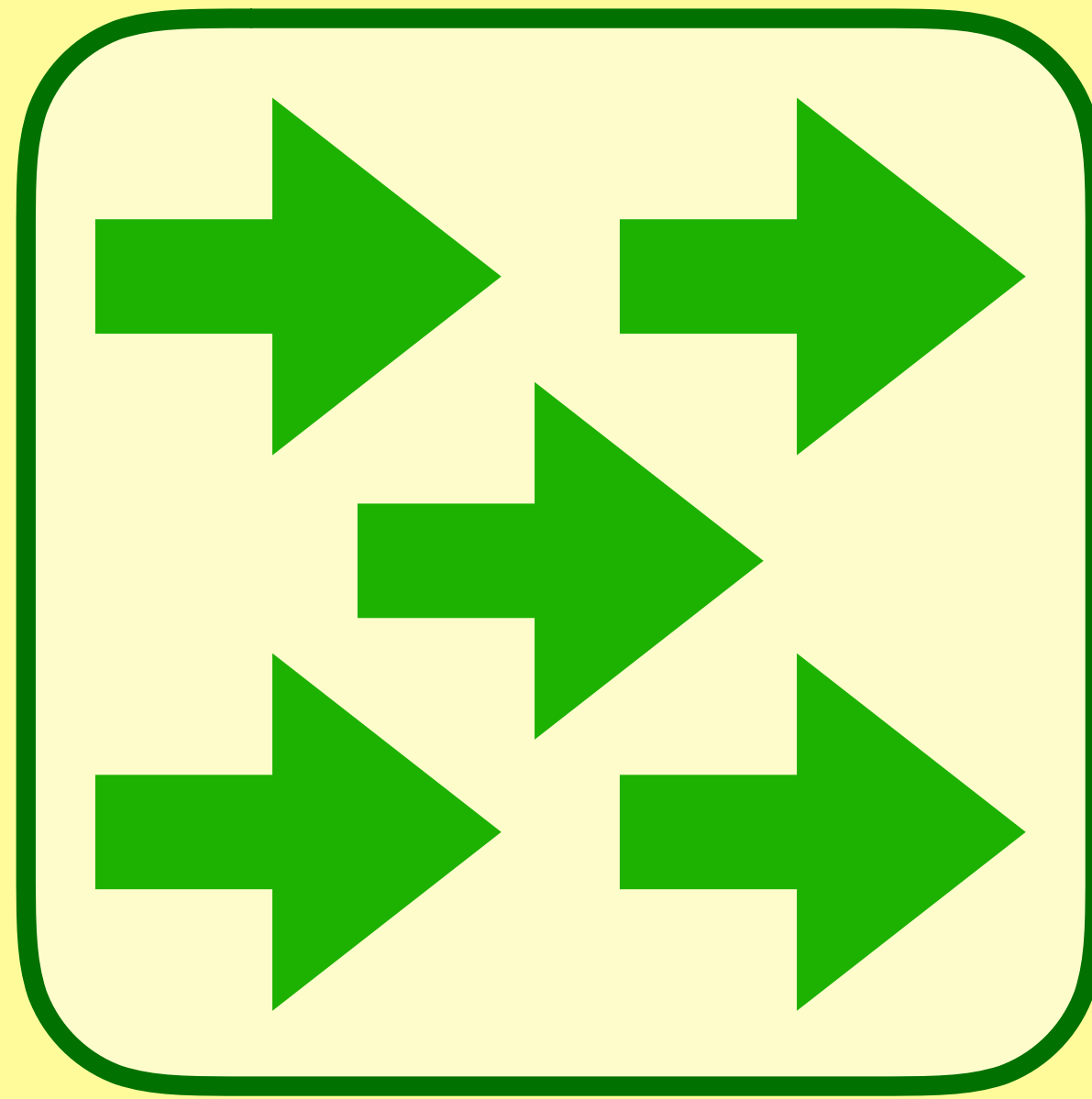
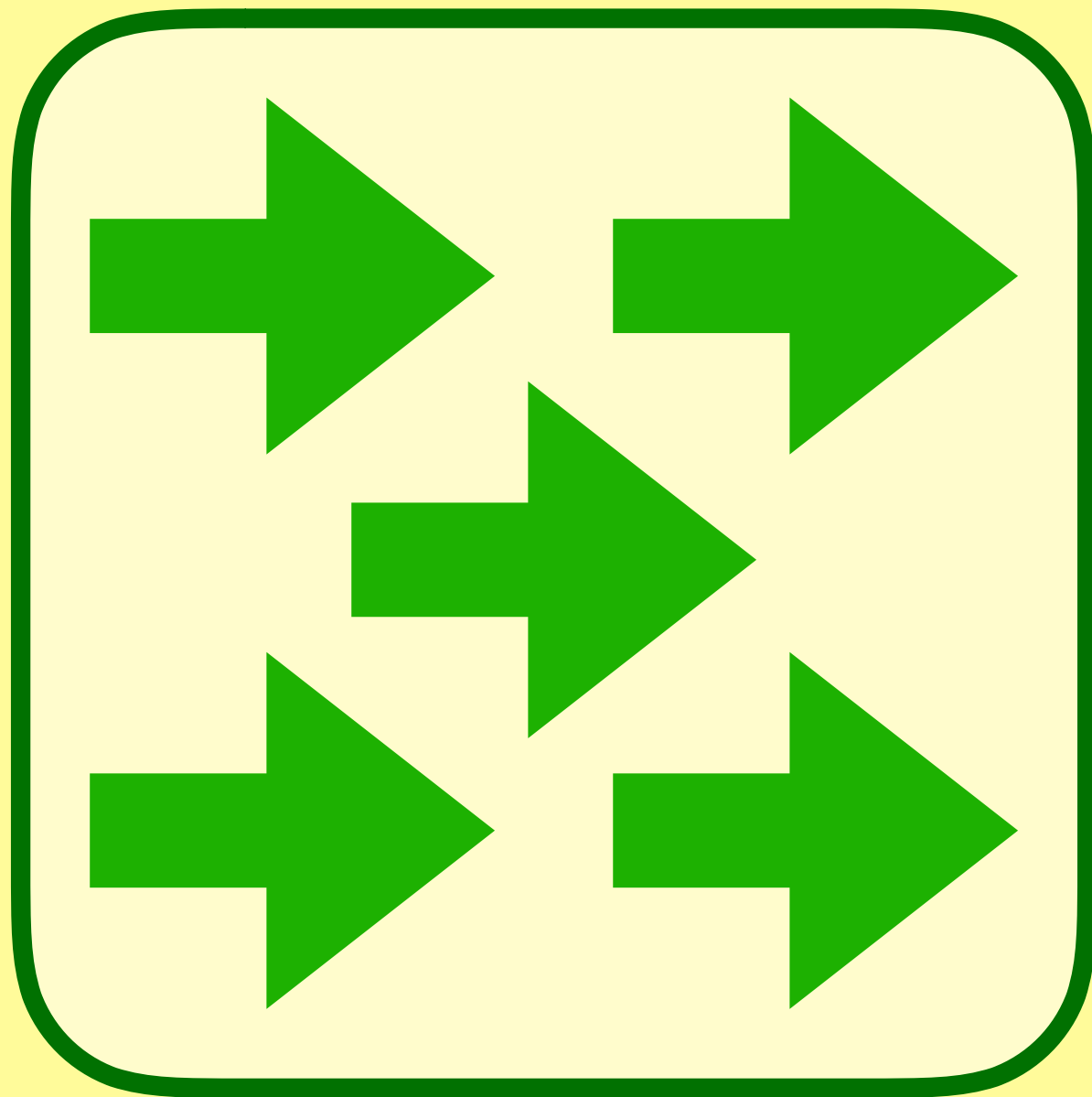
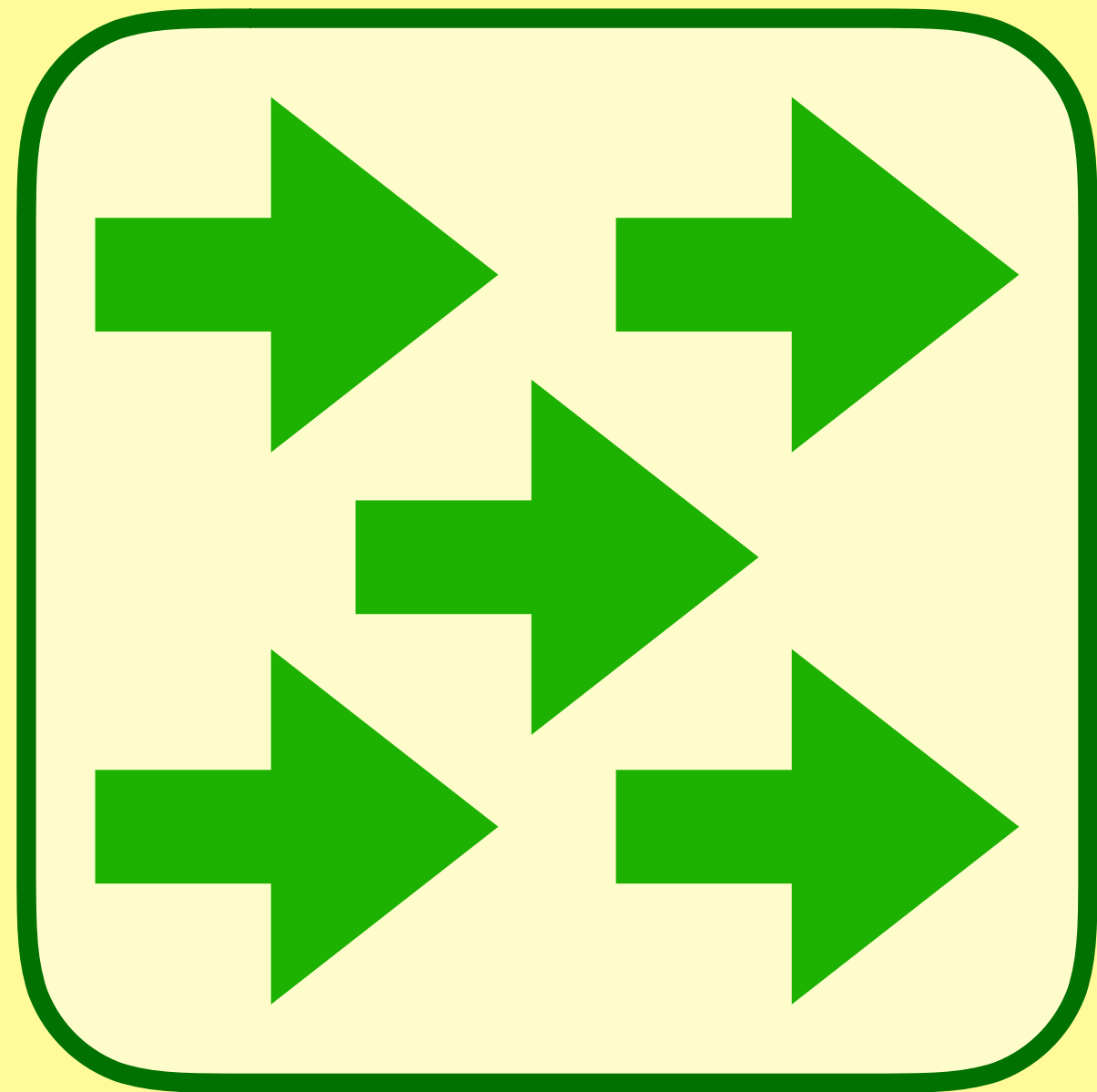
$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 20$$

$$10 \times 2 = 20$$

Draw four groups
of five. Then write
it as a number
sentence.

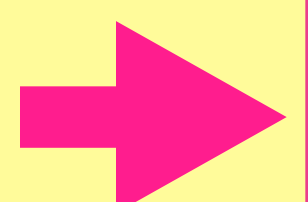
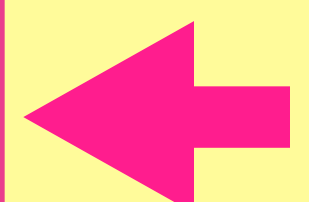


This is four groups of five.

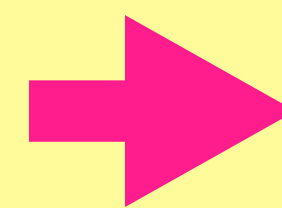
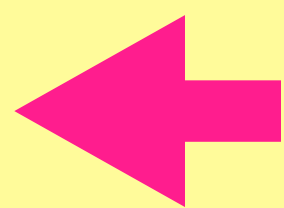


$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$$

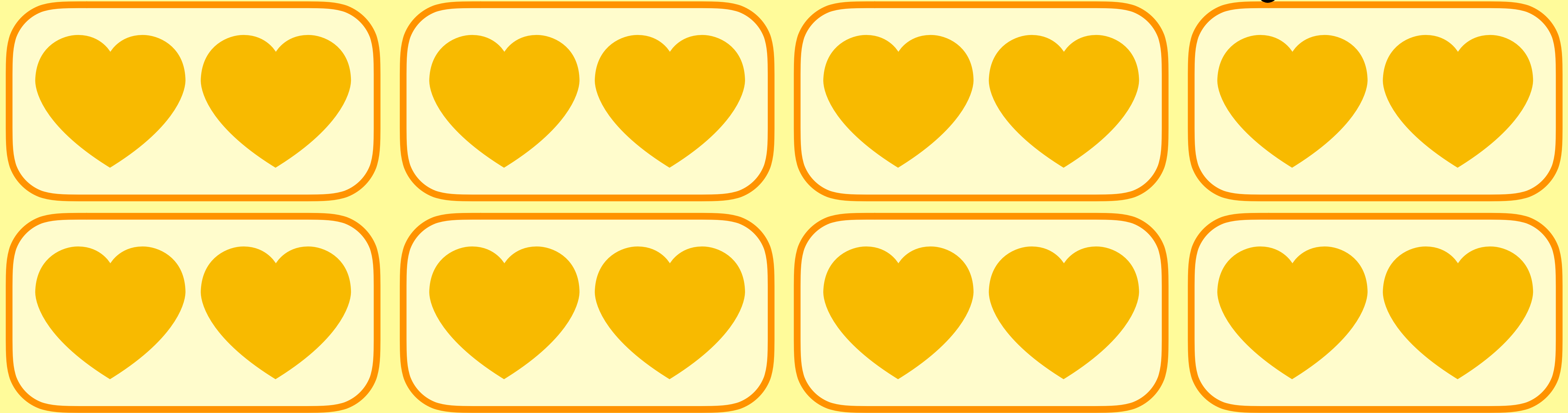
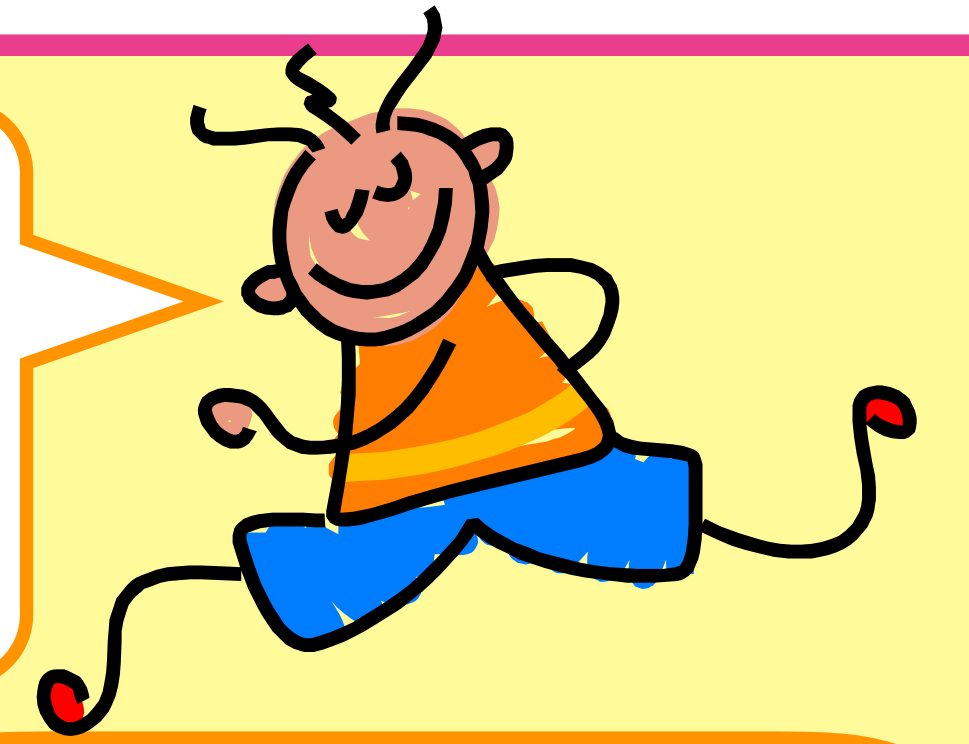
$$4 \times 5 = 20$$



Draw eight
groups of two.
Then write it as a
number sentence.



This is eight groups of two.

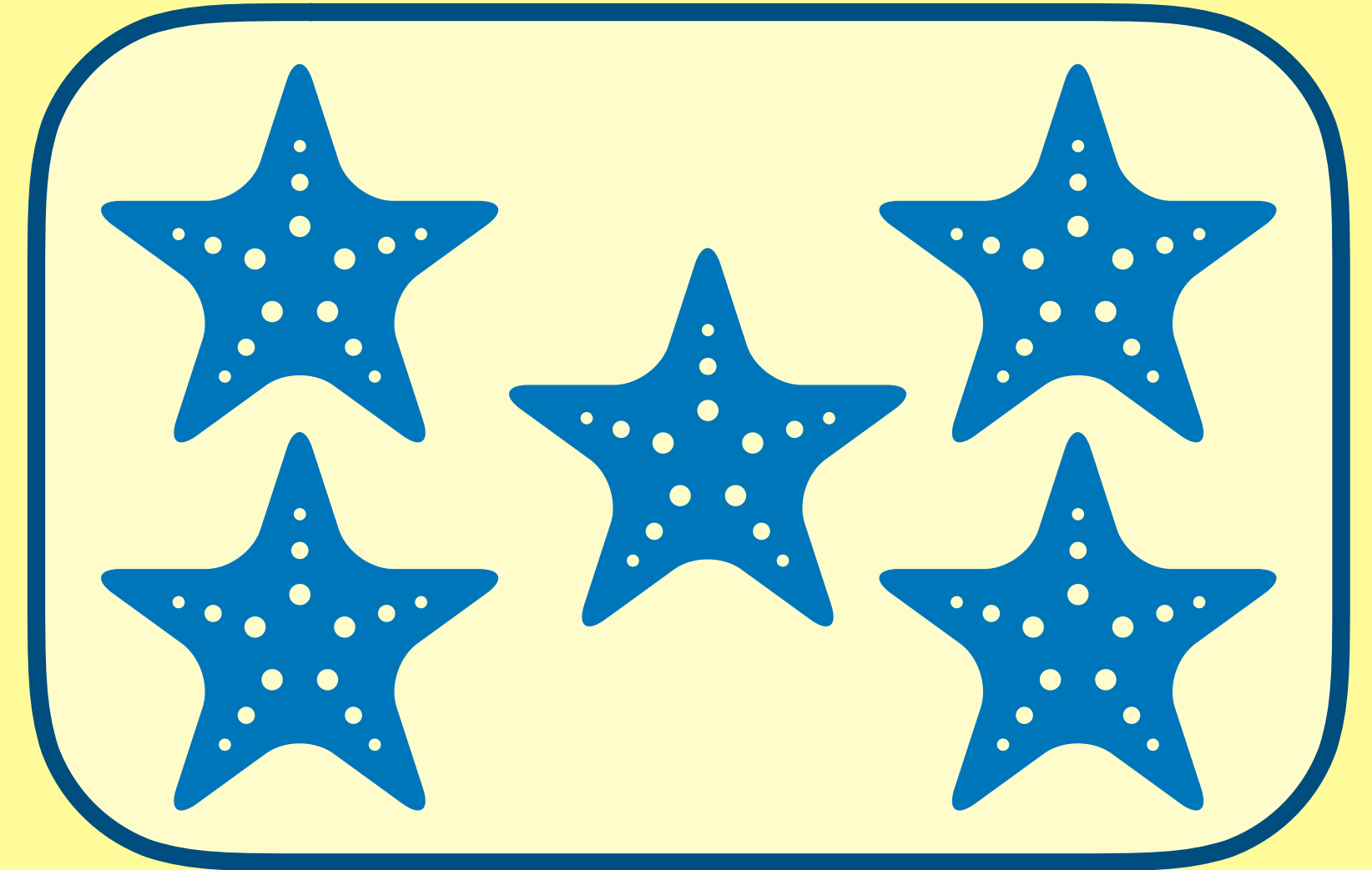
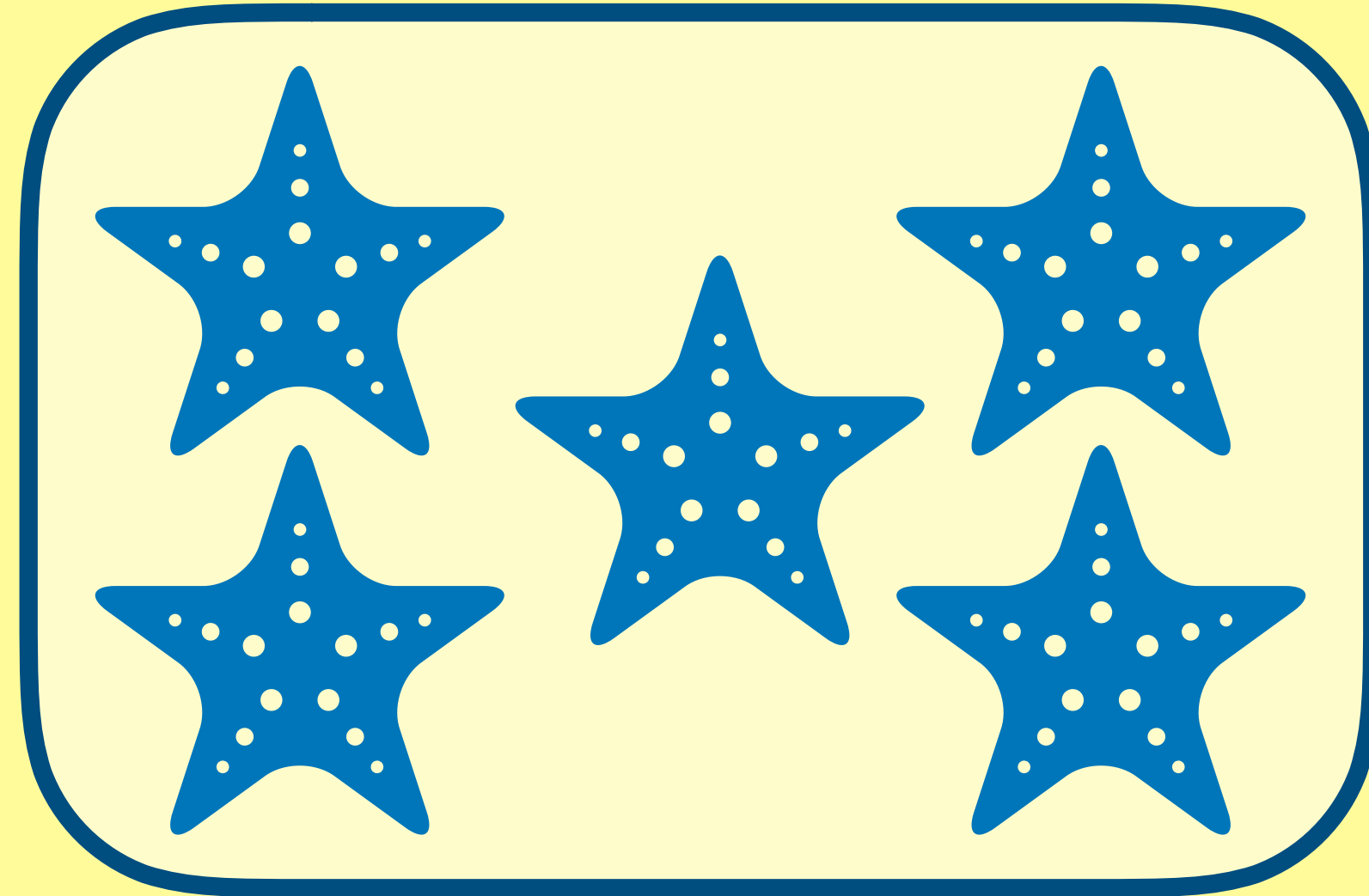
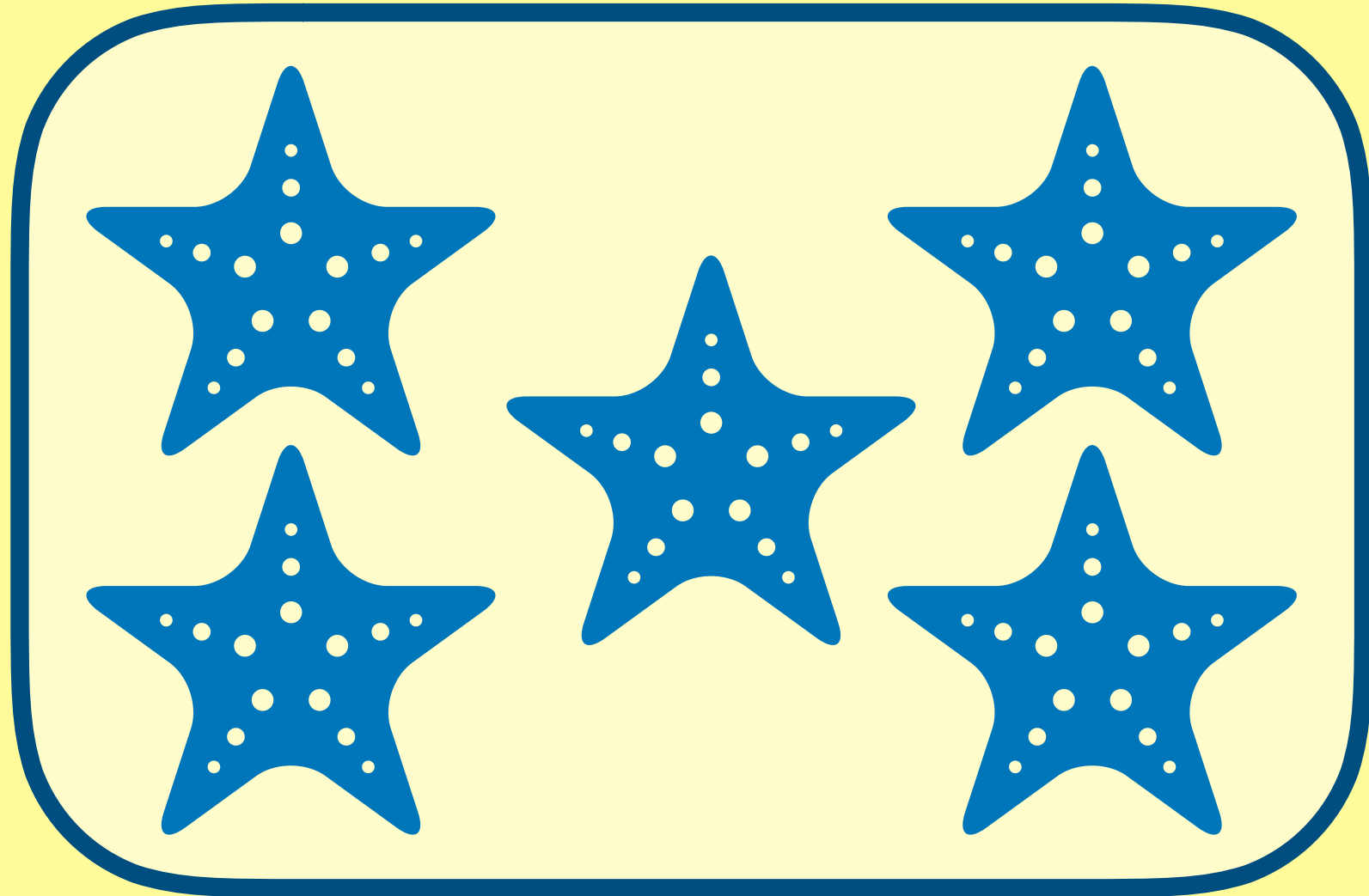
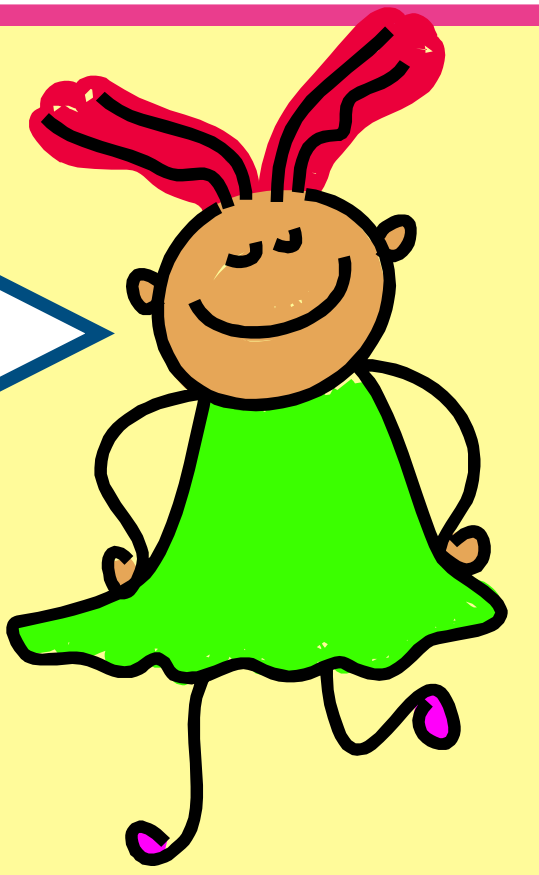


$$\begin{array}{l} 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + \\ 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 16 \end{array}$$

$$8 \times 2 = 16$$

Which number sentence represents the way these objects have been grouped?

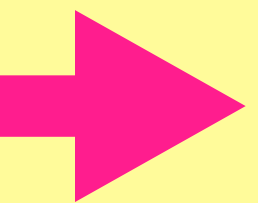
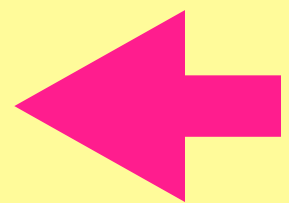
Think, pair, share.



$5 \times 5 =$

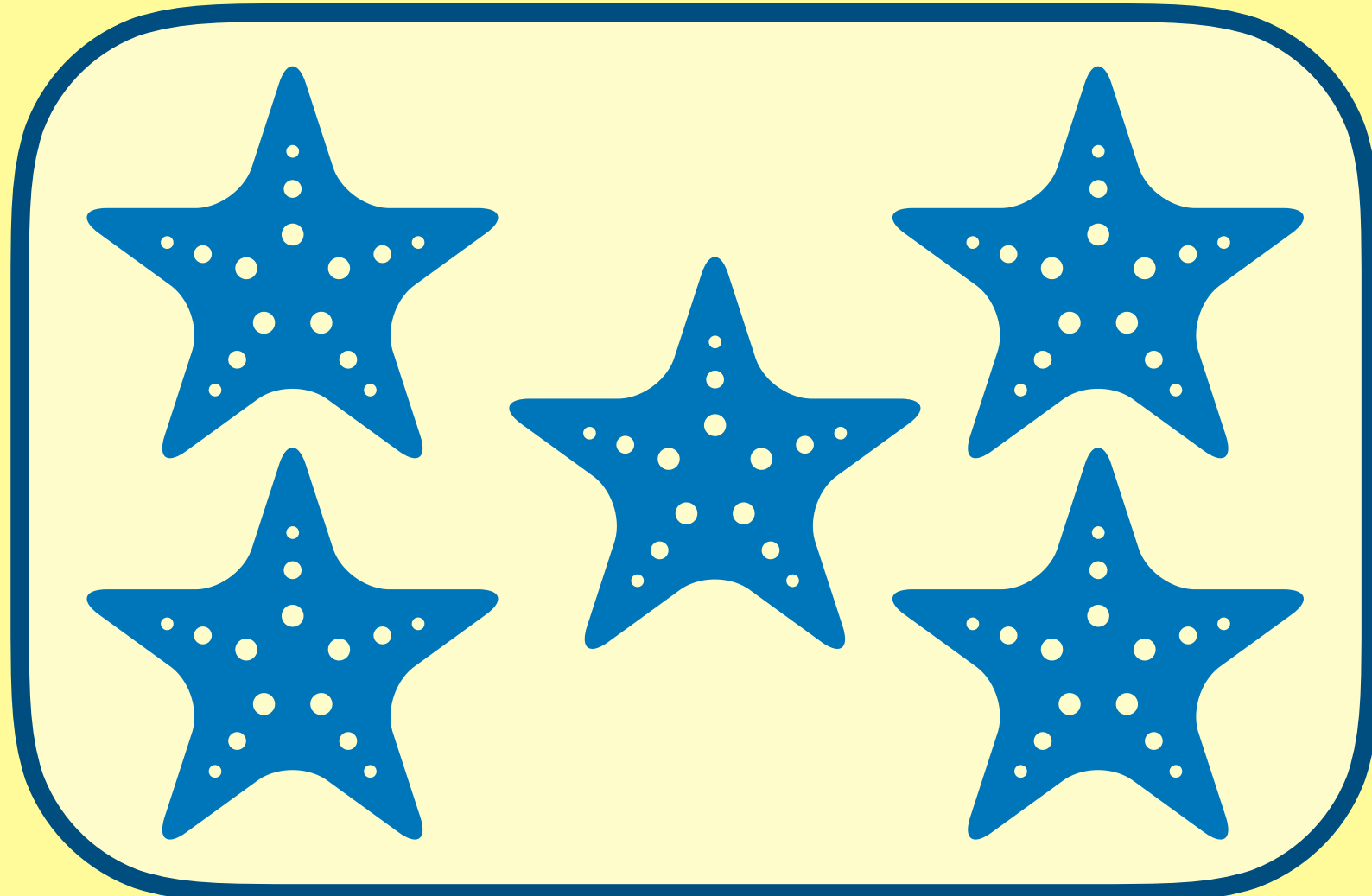
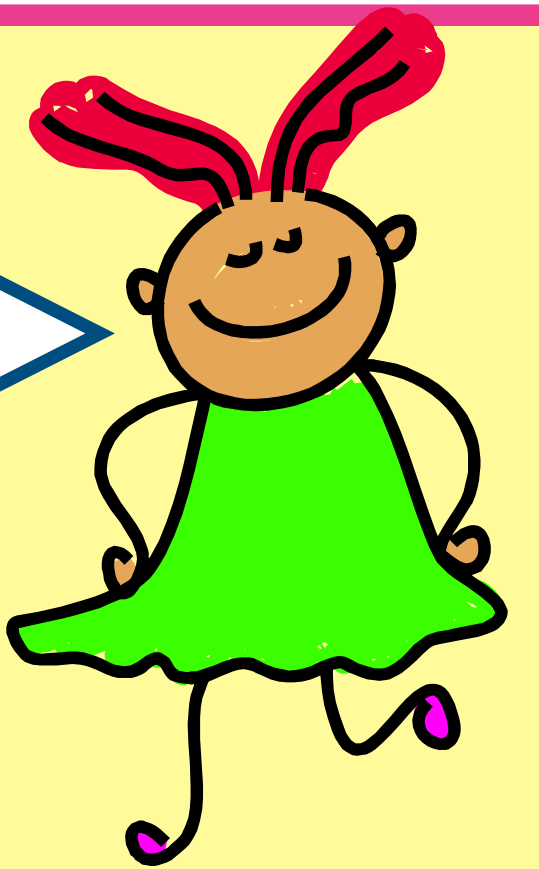
$5 \times 3 =$

$3 \times 5 =$



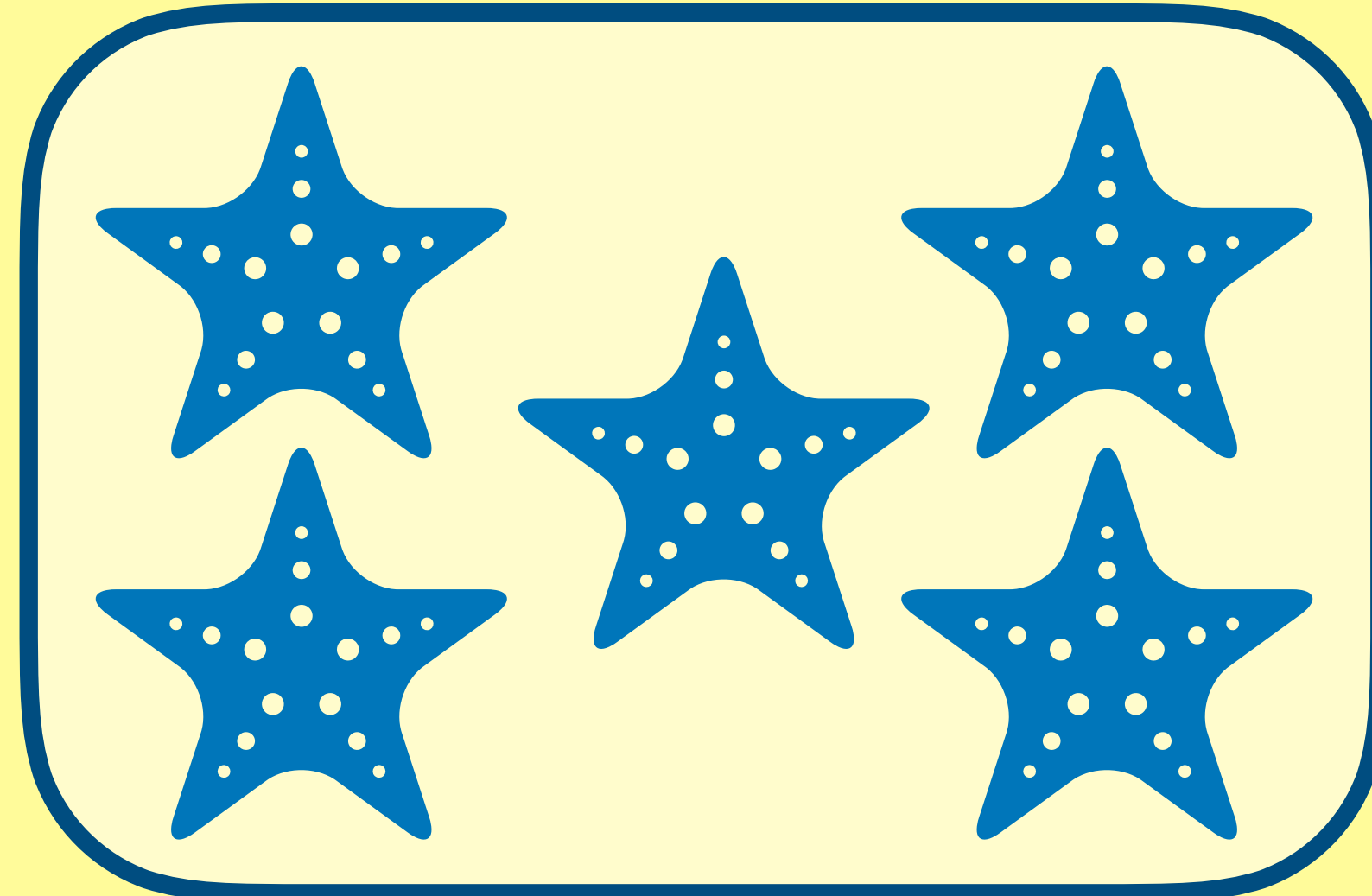
Which number sentence represents the way these objects have been grouped?

Think, pair, share.



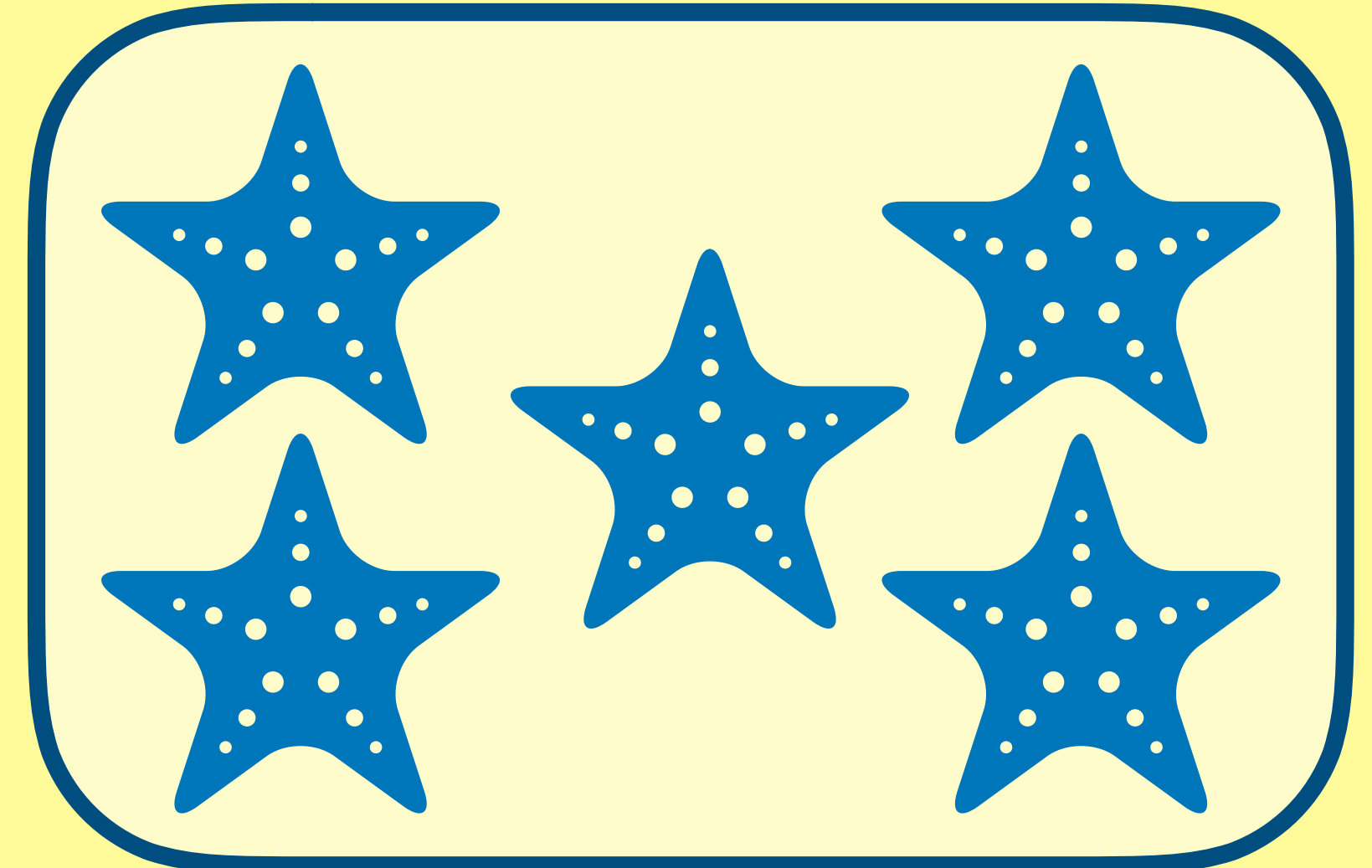
Five groups of five

$$5 \times 5 = 25$$



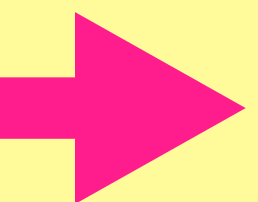
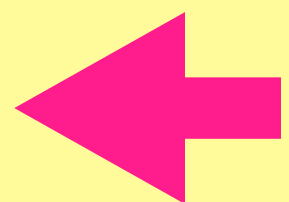
Five groups of three

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$



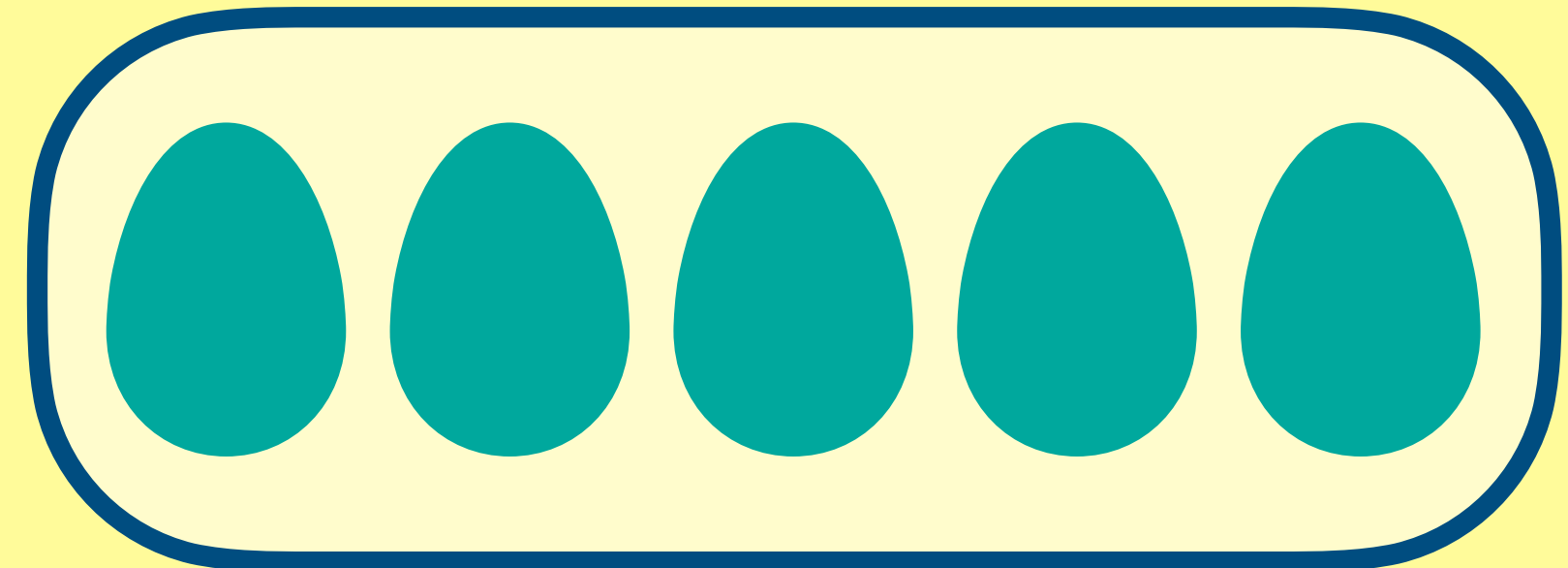
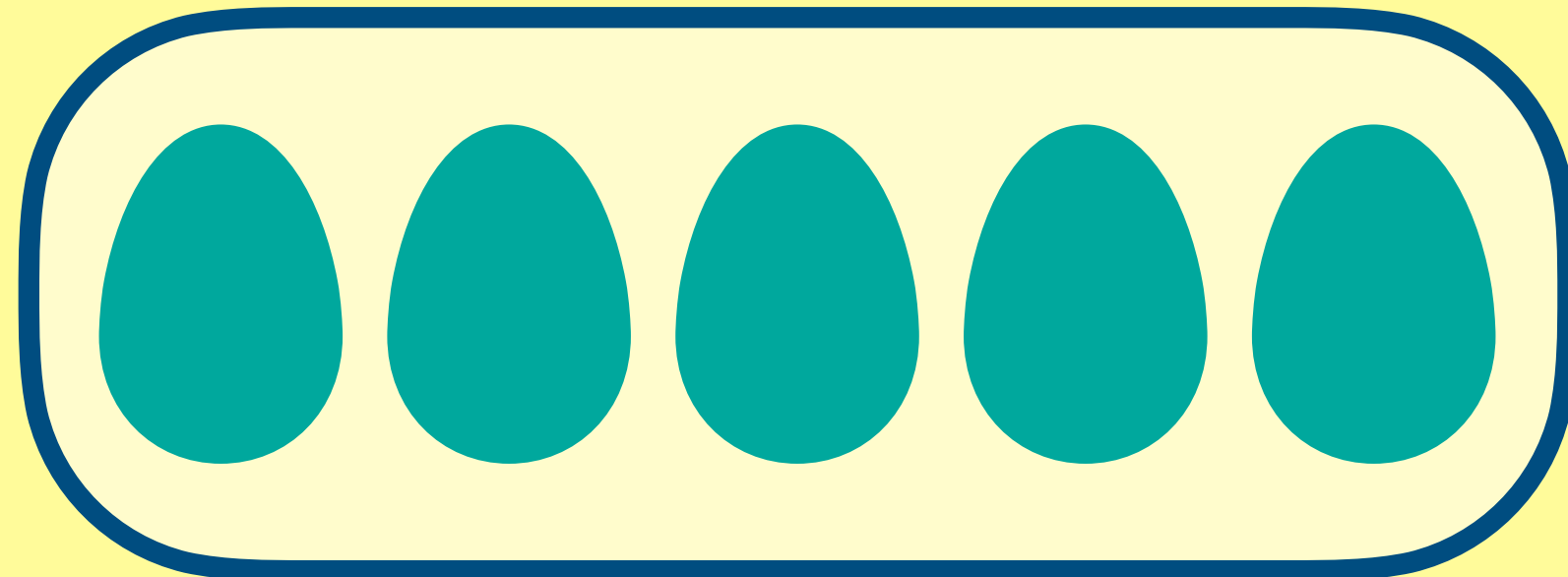
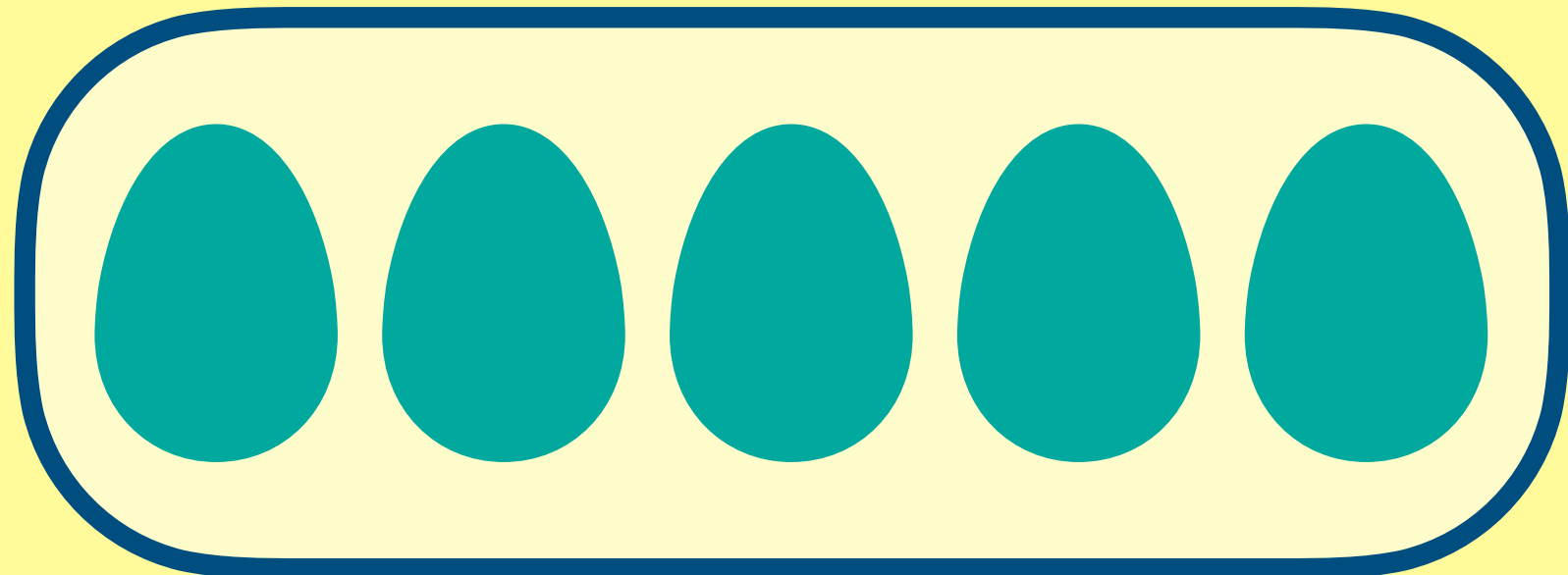
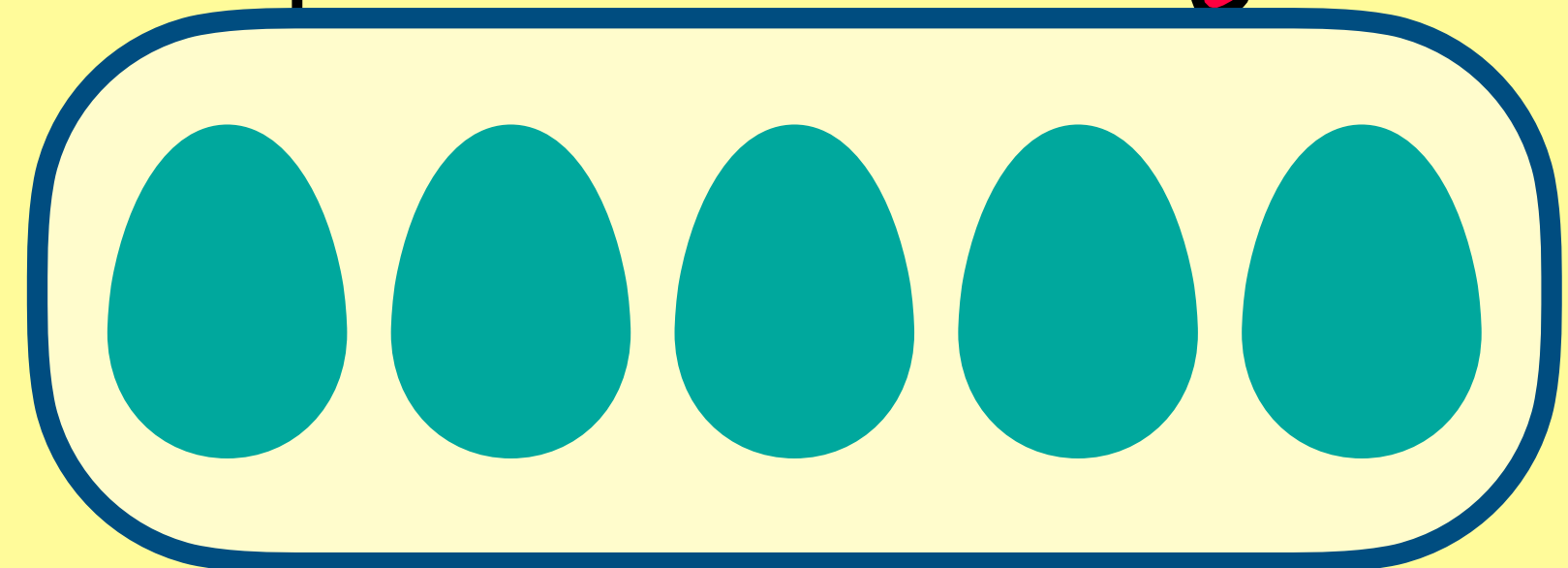
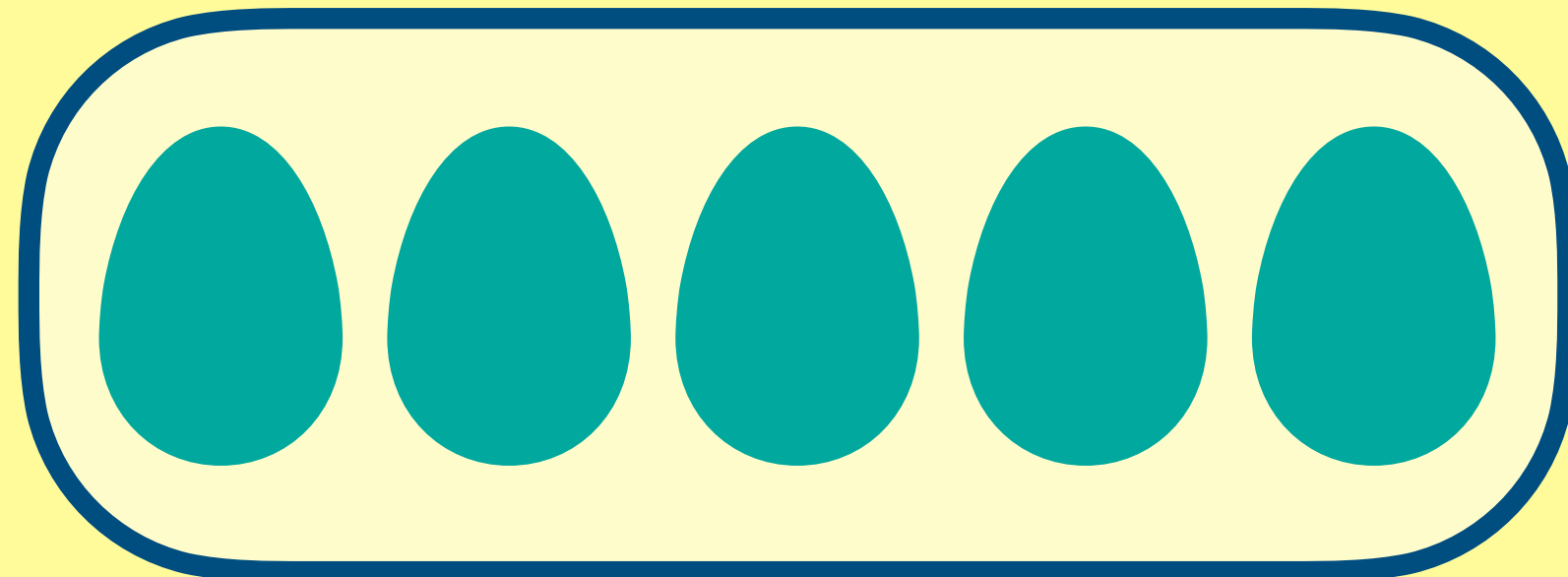
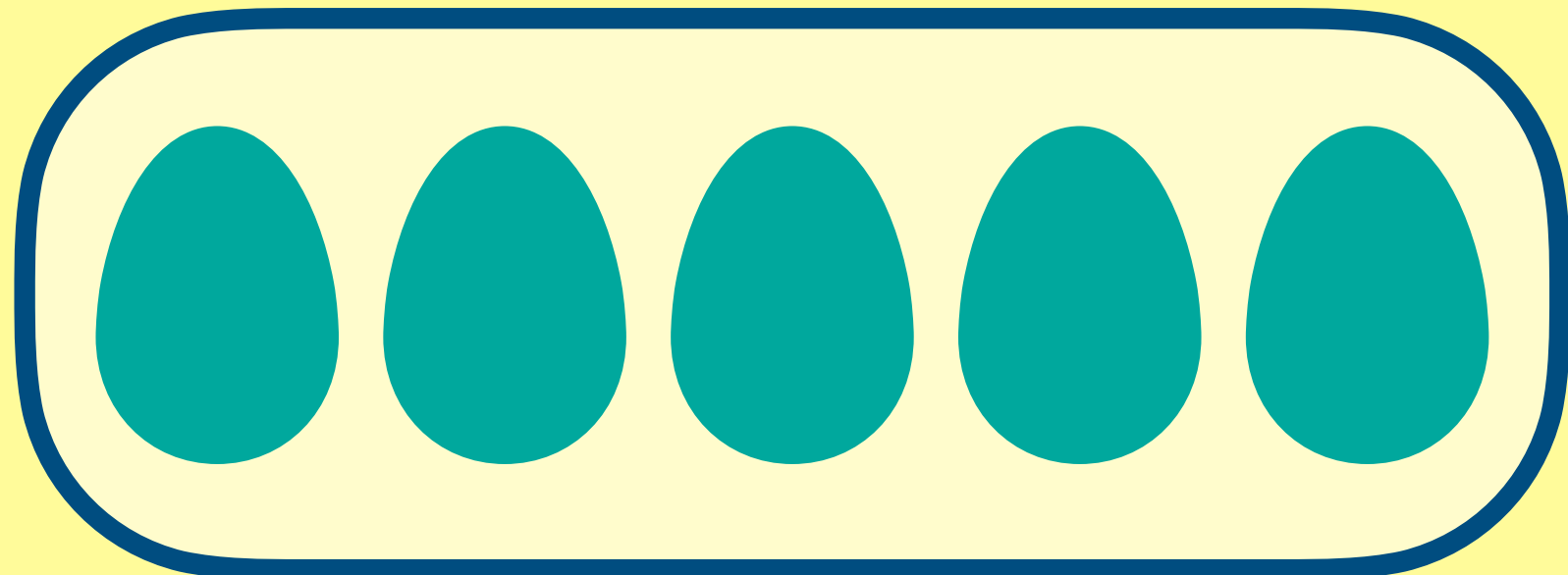
Three groups of five

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$



Which number sentence represents the way these objects have been grouped?

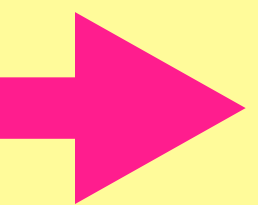
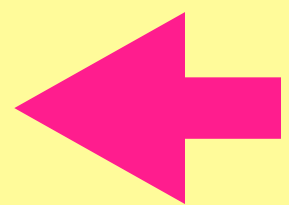
Think, pair, share.



$$5 \times 5 =$$

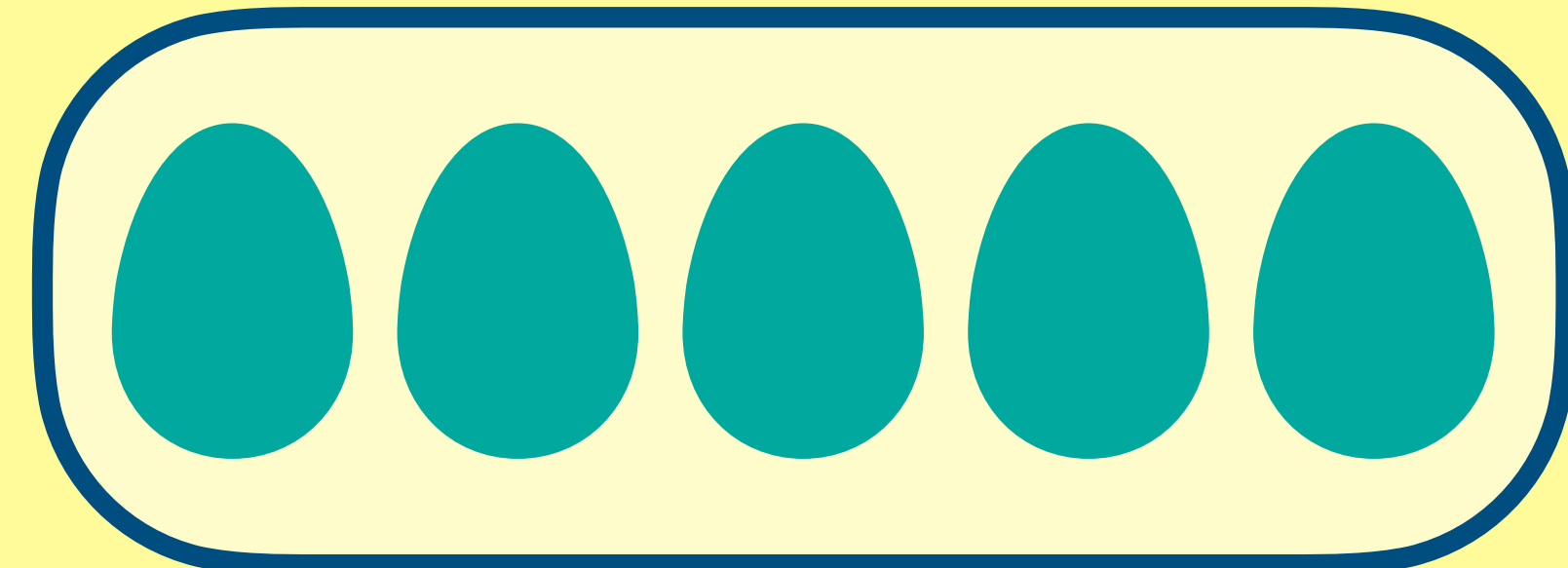
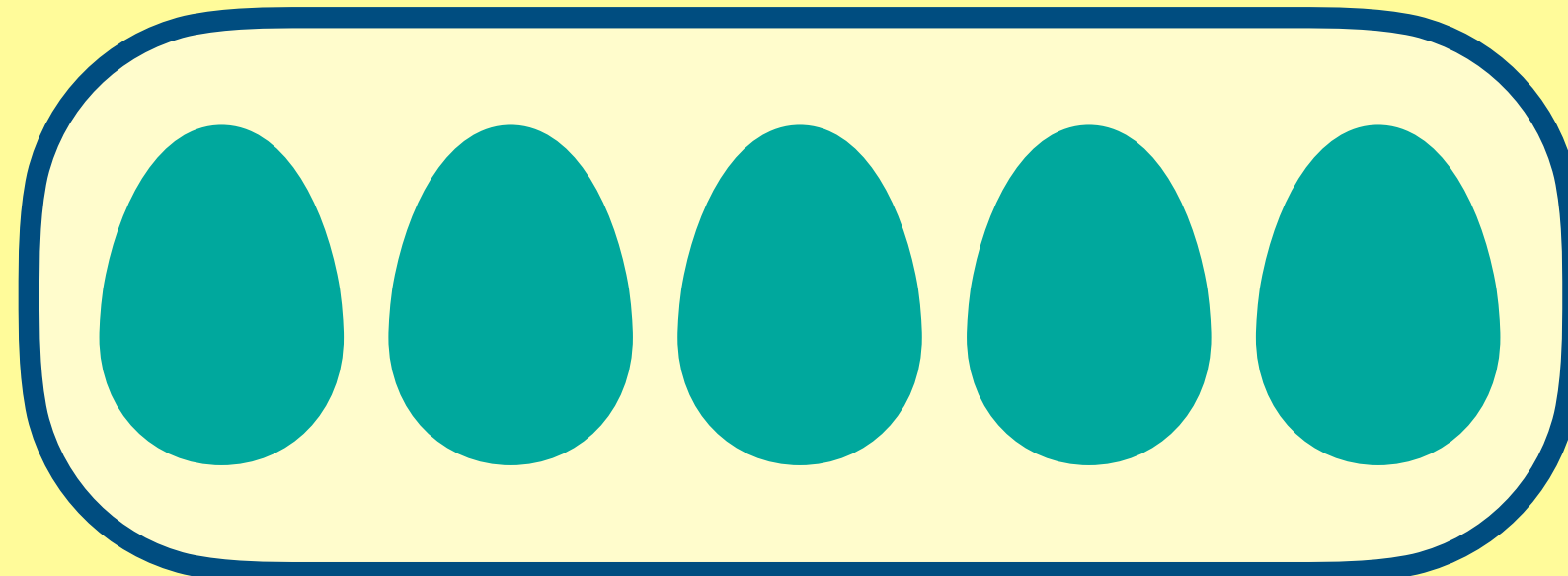
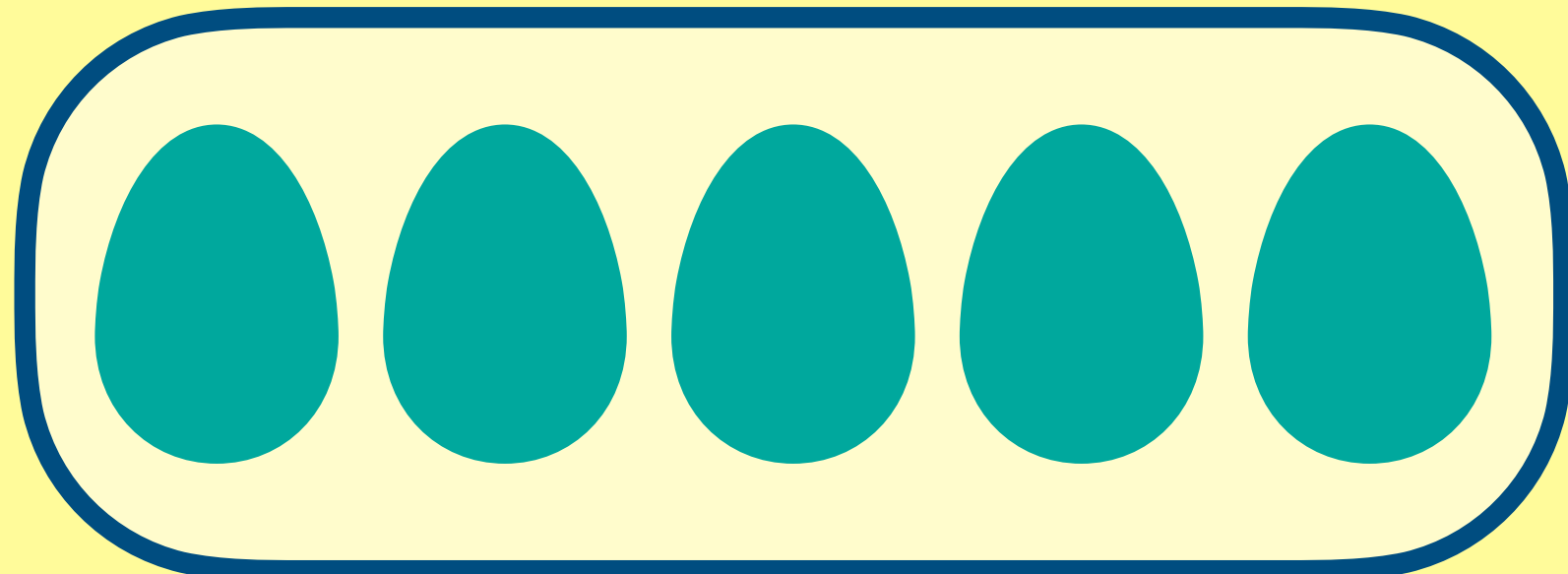
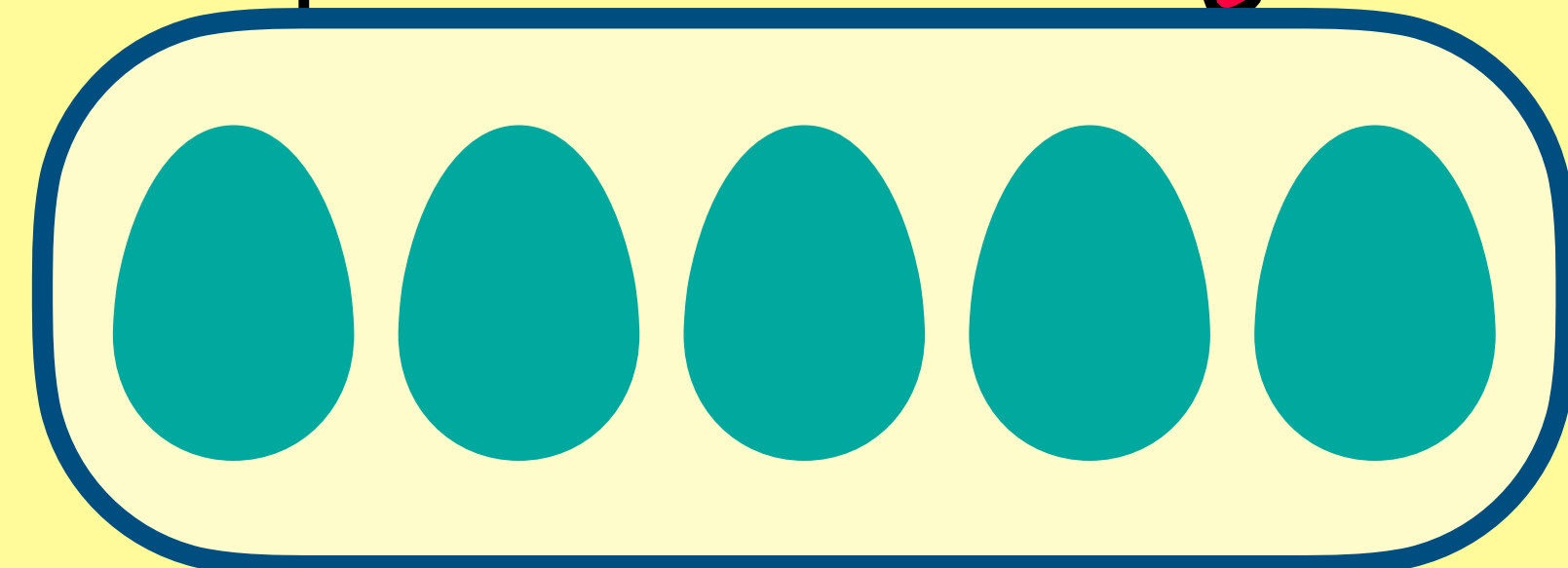
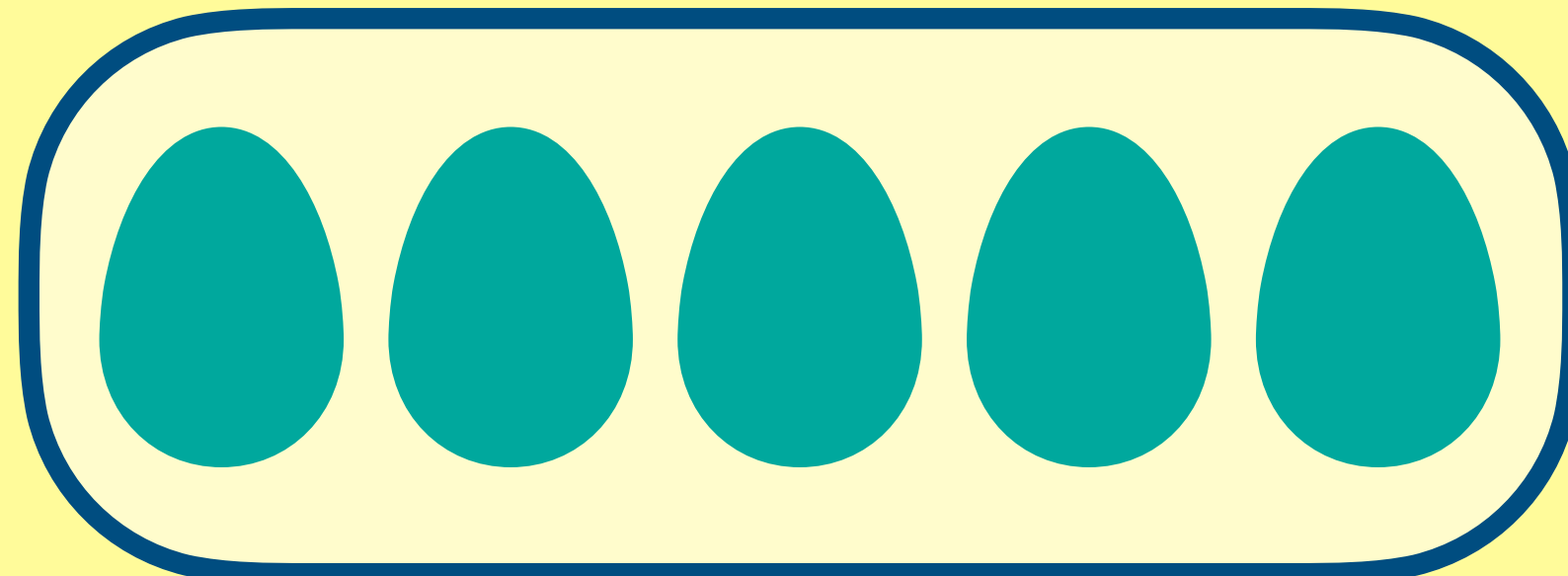
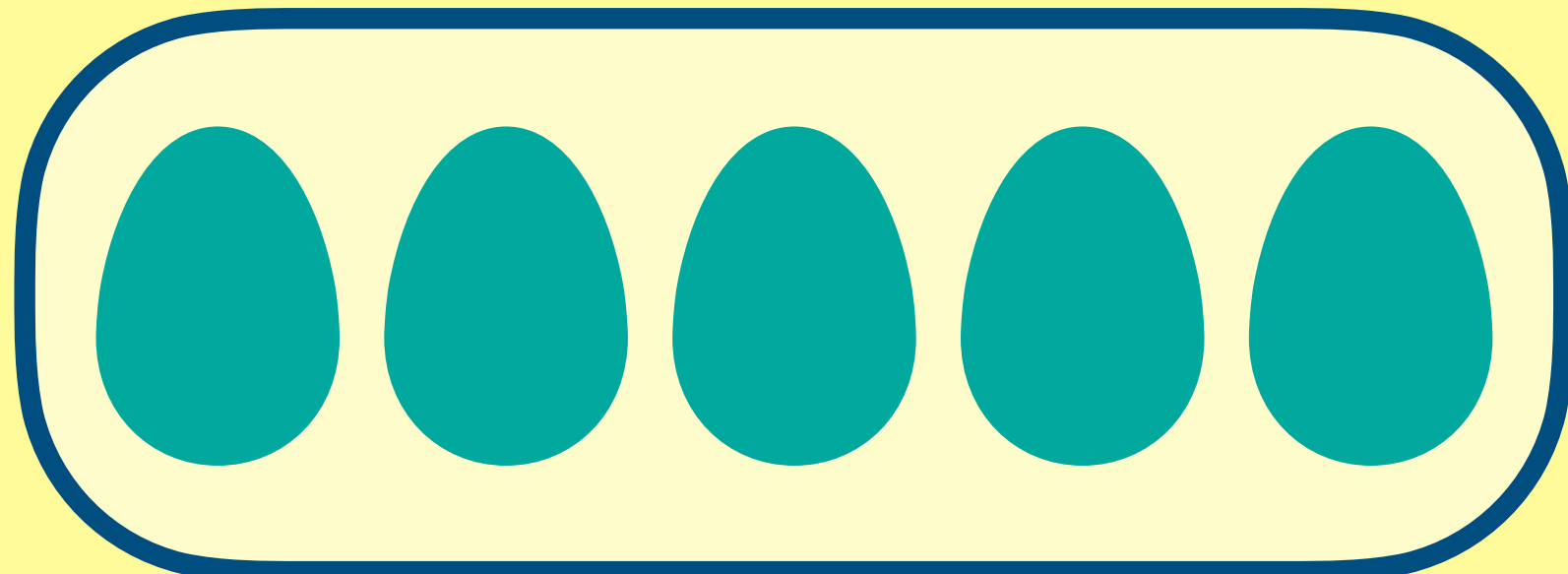
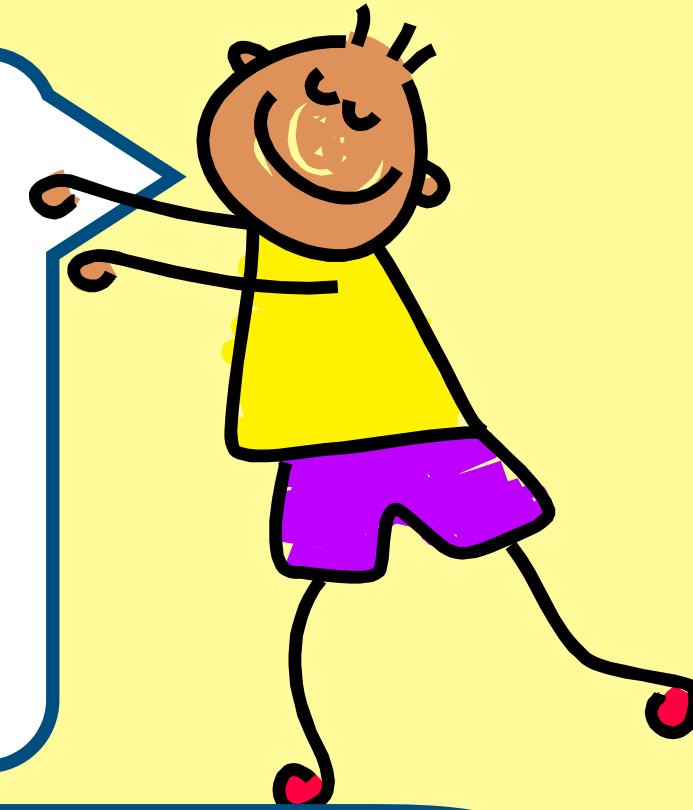
$$6 \times 5 =$$

$$2 \times 6 =$$



Which number sentence represents the way these objects have been grouped?

Think, pair, share.



$$5 \times 5 = 25$$

Six groups of five

$$6 \times 5 = 30$$

$$2 \times 6 = 12$$

← Five groups of five

Two groups of six